

Department of Legislative Services
Maryland General Assembly
2025 Session

FISCAL AND POLICY NOTE
Third Reader - Revised

Senate Bill 49
Finance

(Senator Gile)

Economic Matters

Consumer Protection - Automatic Renewals

This bill establishes a regulatory framework to govern “automatic renewals,” which the bill defines as any contract, plan, or agreement between a consumer and a seller in which a paid subscription or purchasing agreement is automatically renewed for a subsequent term. The bill does not apply to (1) any business or person with contract renewal practices subject to regulations, rules, procedures, or guidelines established by the Maryland Insurance Administration or (2) a service regulated by the Maryland Public Service Commission, the Federal Communications Commission, or the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. Violation of the bill is an unfair, abusive, or deceptive trade practice under the Maryland Consumer Protection Act (MCPA), generally subject to MCPA’s civil penalty provisions. However, a violation is not subject to an action for damages under MCPA. Nothing in the bill may be construed to authorize a private right of action under the bill or any other law. **The bill takes effect June 1, 2026.**

Fiscal Summary

State Effect: The bill’s imposition of existing penalty provisions does not have a material impact on State finances or operations. The Office of the Attorney General, Consumer Protection Division (CPD), can handle the bill’s requirements with existing resources.

Local Effect: The bill’s imposition of existing penalty provisions does not have a material impact on local government finances or operations.

Small Business Effect: Minimal.

Analysis

Bill Summary: Generally, the bill prohibits a person from making an automatic renewal offer to a consumer unless the person:

- presents the consumer with the terms of the offer in a clear and conspicuous manner before the subscription or purchasing agreement is fulfilled and in visual proximity to, or in the case of an offer conveyed orally, at the same time as, the request for consent to the offer, including (1) the price that will be charged after the initial term ends or (2) the manner in which the subscription or purchasing agreement will change at the end of the initial term;
- presents the consumer with an easily accessible disclosure of the methods that the consumer may use to cancel the automatic renewal; and
- allows the consumer to terminate the offer in a manner that does not delay, hinder, or obstruct the consumer's ability to terminate the automatic renewal.

If the offer also includes a free gift or trial, the offer must include a clear and conspicuous explanation of the price that will be charged after the trial ends and the manner in which the subscription or purchasing agreement pricing will change at the end of the trial.

A person that makes an automatic renewal offer must allow a consumer who accepts the offer to terminate the automatic renewal by providing the consumer a cost-effective, timely, and easy-to-use mechanism to (1) cancel the automatic renewal; (2) avoid being charged (or avoid being charged an increased amount); and (3) immediately stop any recurring charges. Any such mechanism must:

- be at least as easy to use as the mechanism the consumer used to consent to the automatic renewal;
- be available through the same medium the consumer used to consent to the automatic renewal;
- in the case of cancellation by electronic medium, be easy to find, not require interaction with a live or virtual representative (unless the consumer interacted with such a representative to consent to the automatic renewal), and meet other specified requirements;
- in the case of cancellation by telephone call, be promptly performed through calls received at a telephone number that is answered (or records messages) and that is made available during normal business hours; and
- in the case of cancellation performed in person, be performed in a manner similar to the in-person method the consumer used to consent to the automatic renewal, which may include mail to a postal address (if the person bills the consumer at the consumer's postal address).

Certain alternative mechanisms described above (*i.e.*, cancellation via electronic medium and cancellation via telephone) must also be made available for an in-person cancellation.

If a consumer has an account with a business, the business may require the consumer to enter account information or otherwise authenticate the account online before online termination of the automatic renewal or continuous service. If a consumer is unwilling or unable to do so before online termination of the automatic renewal or continuous service, the consumer may not be precluded from authenticating the consumer's account or terminating the automatic renewal or continuous service using another method that the business provides in a clear and conspicuous manner.

A person that makes an automatic renewal offer or an offer that includes a free gift or trial lasting more than 14 days must, before the end of the automatic renewal or free trial, provide clear and conspicuous notice of certain information (*e.g.*, that the offer will automatically renew unless canceled, the duration and any additional terms of the renewal period, methods by which a consumer may cancel, etc.).

If an automatic renewal or offer includes a free gift or trial lasting more than 14 days, the required notice must be provided between 3 and 21 days before the date when the automatic renewal is scheduled to take effect.

If the consumer has accepted an automatic renewal offer with an initial term of at least one year, the required notice must be provided between 15 and 45 days before the automatic renewal date.

The bill prohibits a person that makes an automatic renewal offer with an initial definite term of more than one month from automatically charging the consumer's credit card unless (1) clear and conspicuous notice is provided to the consumer and (2) the consumer provides consent to the automatic charge of the consumer's credit card.

A person that complies with the requirements for contract renewal procedures established by the State or federal regulatory agency that is responsible for regulating the person (or that is licensed under specified provisions of the Business Occupations and Professions Article) must be deemed to be in compliance with the bill.

Current Law: An unfair, abusive, or deceptive trade practice under MCPA includes, among other acts, any false, falsely disparaging, or misleading oral or written statement, visual description, or other representation of any kind which has the capacity, tendency, or effect of deceiving or misleading consumers. The prohibition against engaging in any unfair, abusive, or deceptive trade practice encompasses the offer for or actual sale, lease, rental, loan, or bailment of any consumer goods, consumer realty, or consumer services; the extension of consumer credit; the collection of consumer debt; or the offer for or actual

purchase of consumer goods or consumer realty from a consumer by a merchant whose business includes paying off consumer debt in connection with the purchase of any consumer goods or consumer realty from a consumer.

CPD is responsible for enforcing MCPA and investigating the complaints of aggrieved consumers. The division may attempt to conciliate the matter, issue a cease and desist order, or file a civil action in court. A merchant who violates MCPA is subject to a fine of up to \$10,000 for each violation and up to \$25,000 for each repetition of the same violation. In addition to any civil penalties that may be imposed, any person who violates MCPA is guilty of a misdemeanor and, on conviction, is subject to a fine of up to \$1,000 and/or imprisonment for up to one year.

Additional Information

Recent Prior Introductions: Similar legislation has been introduced within the last three years. See SB 1040 and HB 1049 of 2024.

Designated Cross File: HB 107 (Delegate Pruski) - Economic Matters.

Information Source(s): Office of the Attorney General (Consumer Protection Division); Department of Legislative Services

Fiscal Note History: First Reader - January 15, 2025
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